Continued from page 299.

1 mile to a Sugar tree

N 49 E 38.

N 49½ E 24

N 48½ E 36.

N 20¼ E 12.

N 86¾ E 92.

N 23½ 88.

N 46½ E 12.

N 25 E 52.

N 53¾ E 10.

N 12 E 16.

N 9 E 44

N 99½ W 14

N 18¾ E 92.

N 10¼ 86.

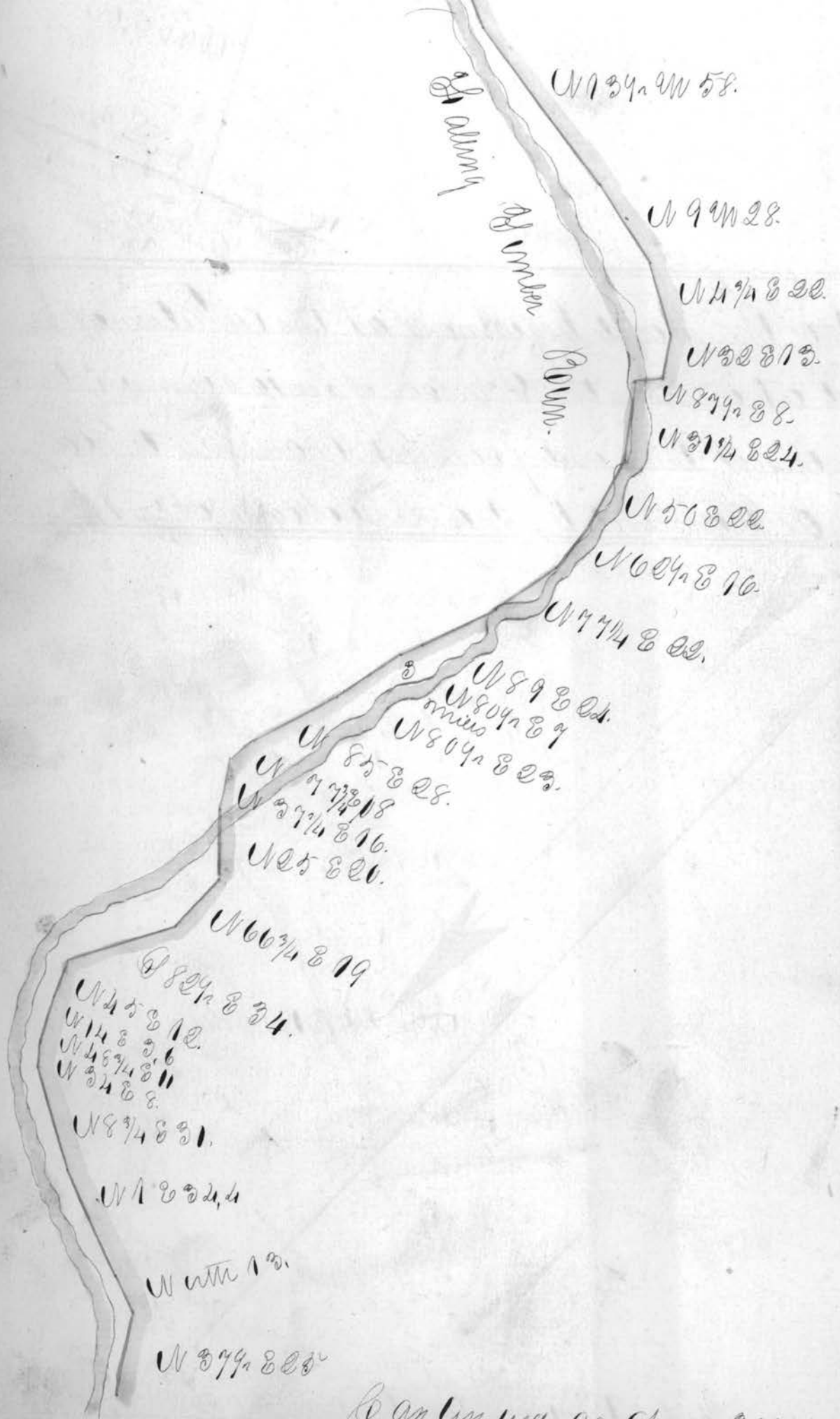
N 2 E 84

2 miles to an Iron wood

N 26 E 26.

N 16¼ W 16.

N 2 E 34



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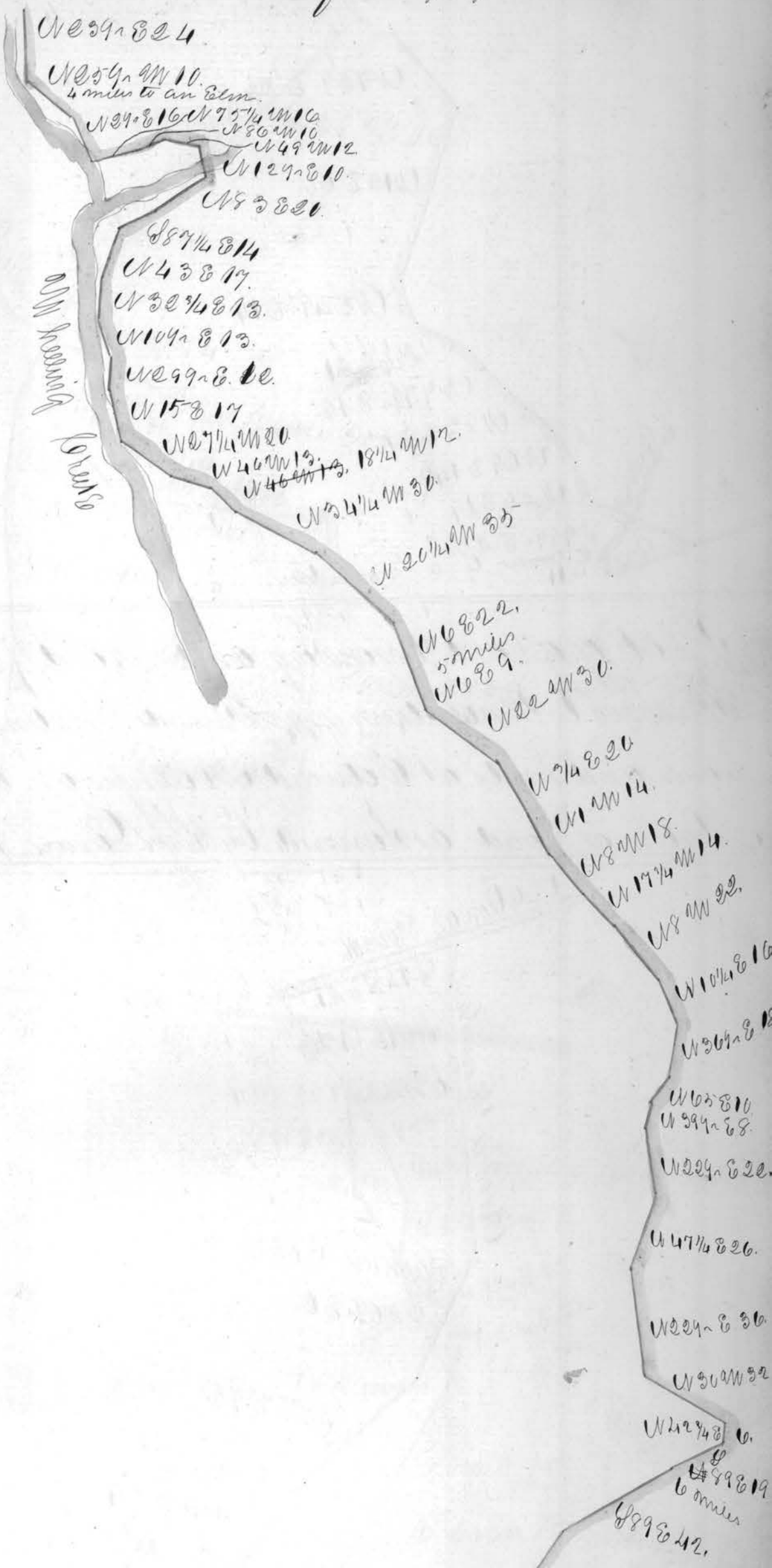
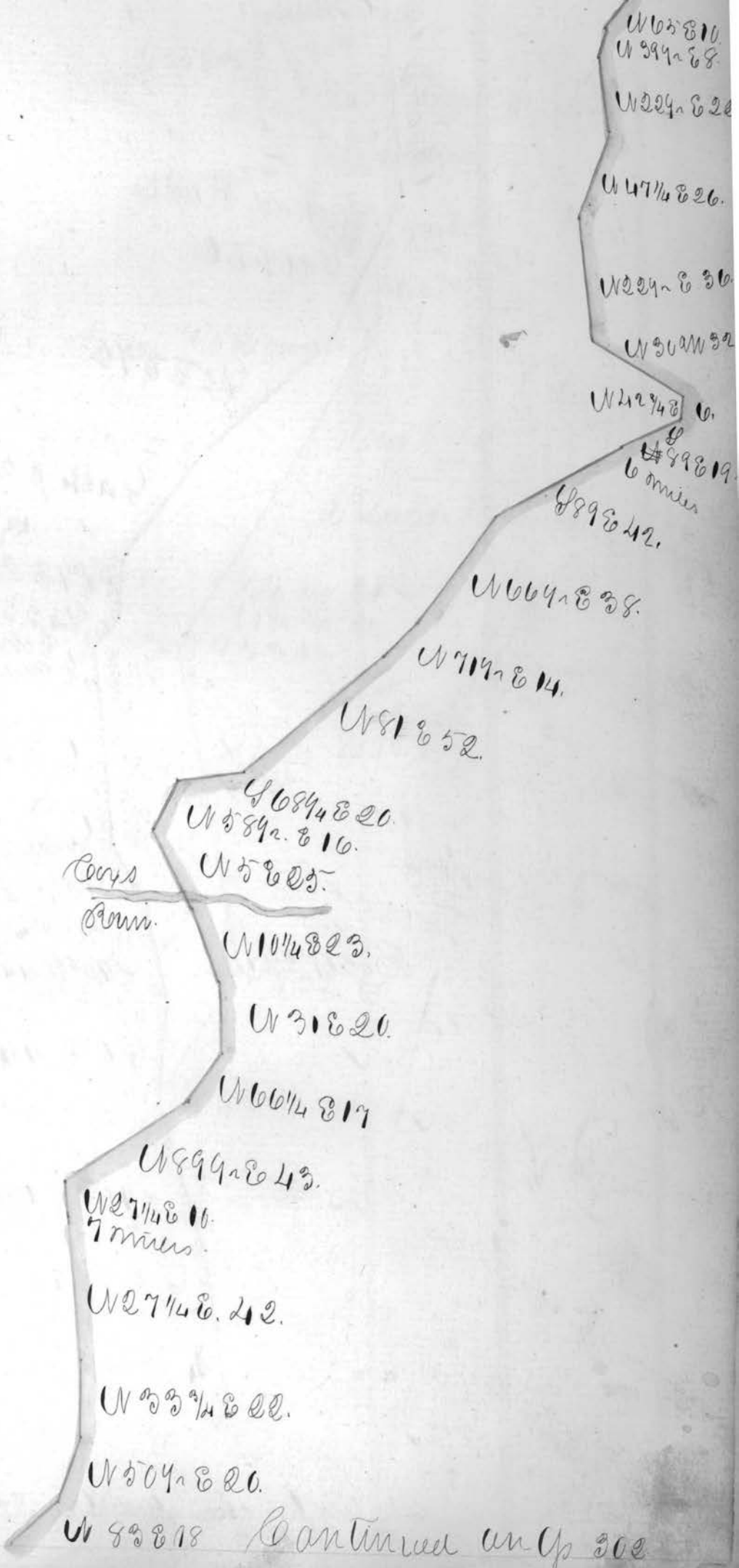
Continued from page 800

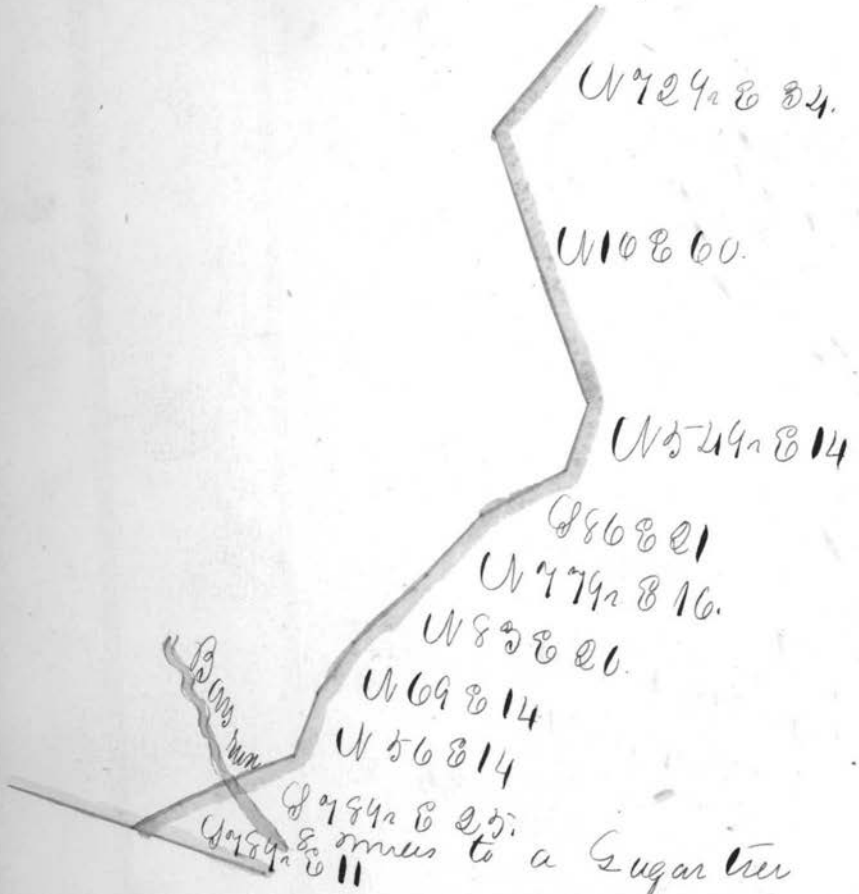




Continued on Pg 202

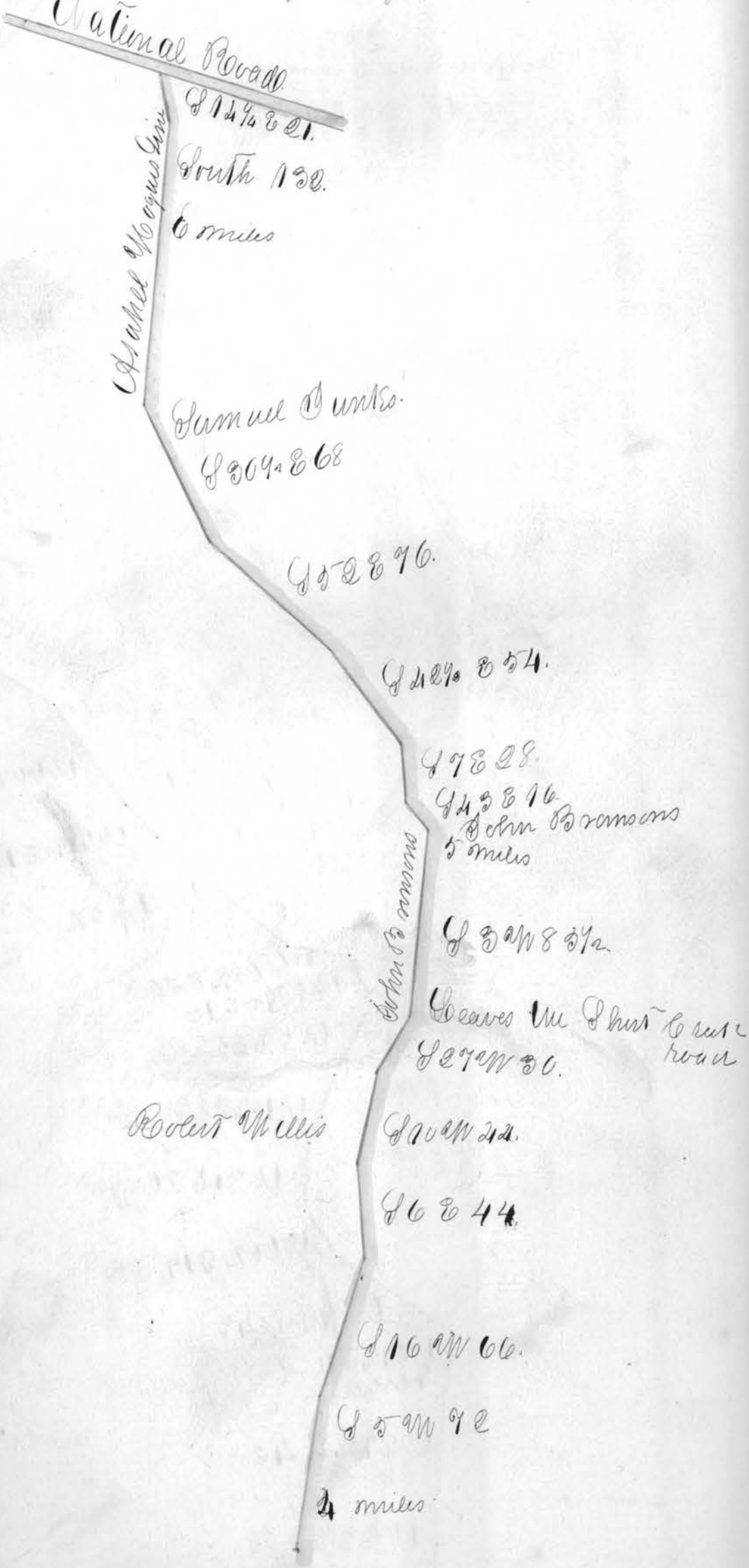
302.

Continued from page 301



Plat of a road beginning on the road from Flushing to Mineola near Friends meeting house and ends at Edward Mollners on the Motinal road as surveyd by Thos. Lewis, 1828

Plat of a road beginning on the road from Flushing to Mineola near Friends meeting house and ends at Edward Mullens on the National road as surveyed by Thos. Lewis, 1828



Continued on Pg 303

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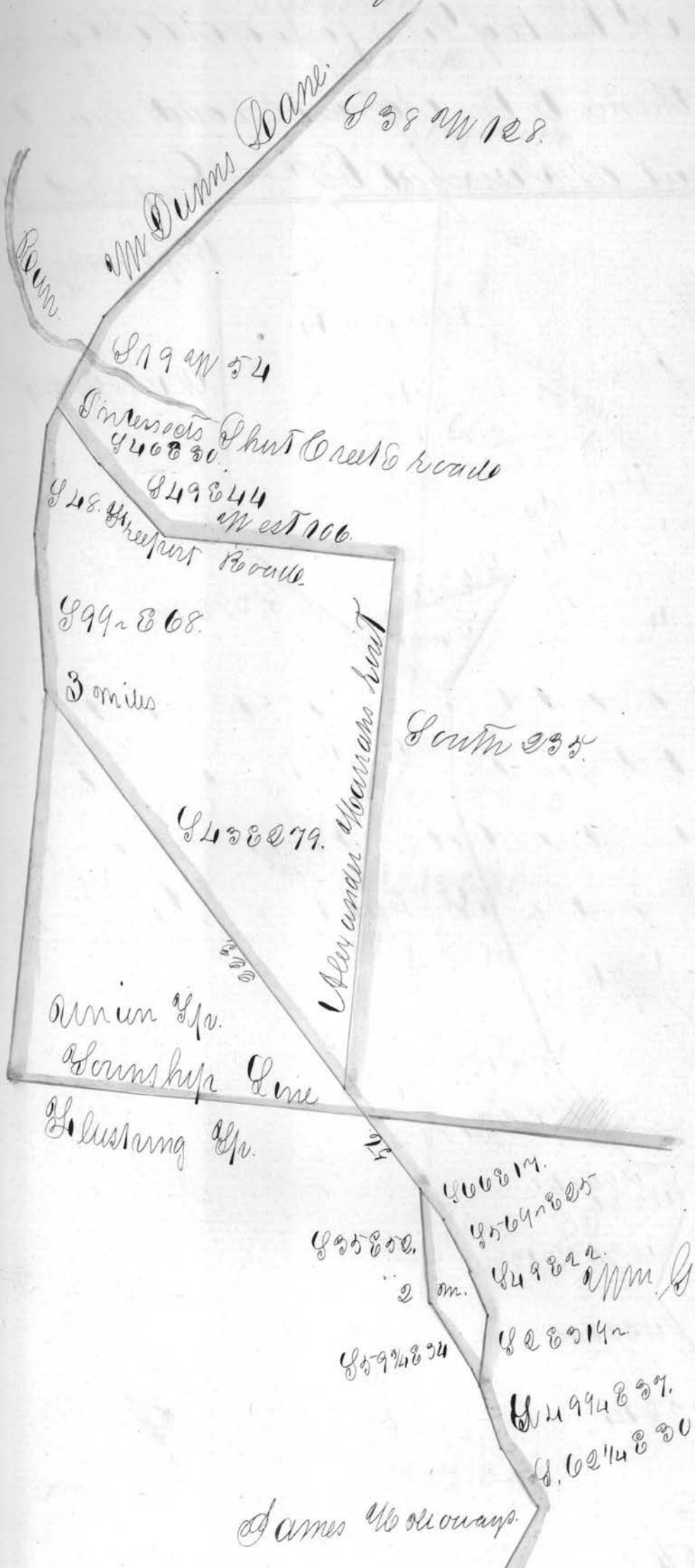

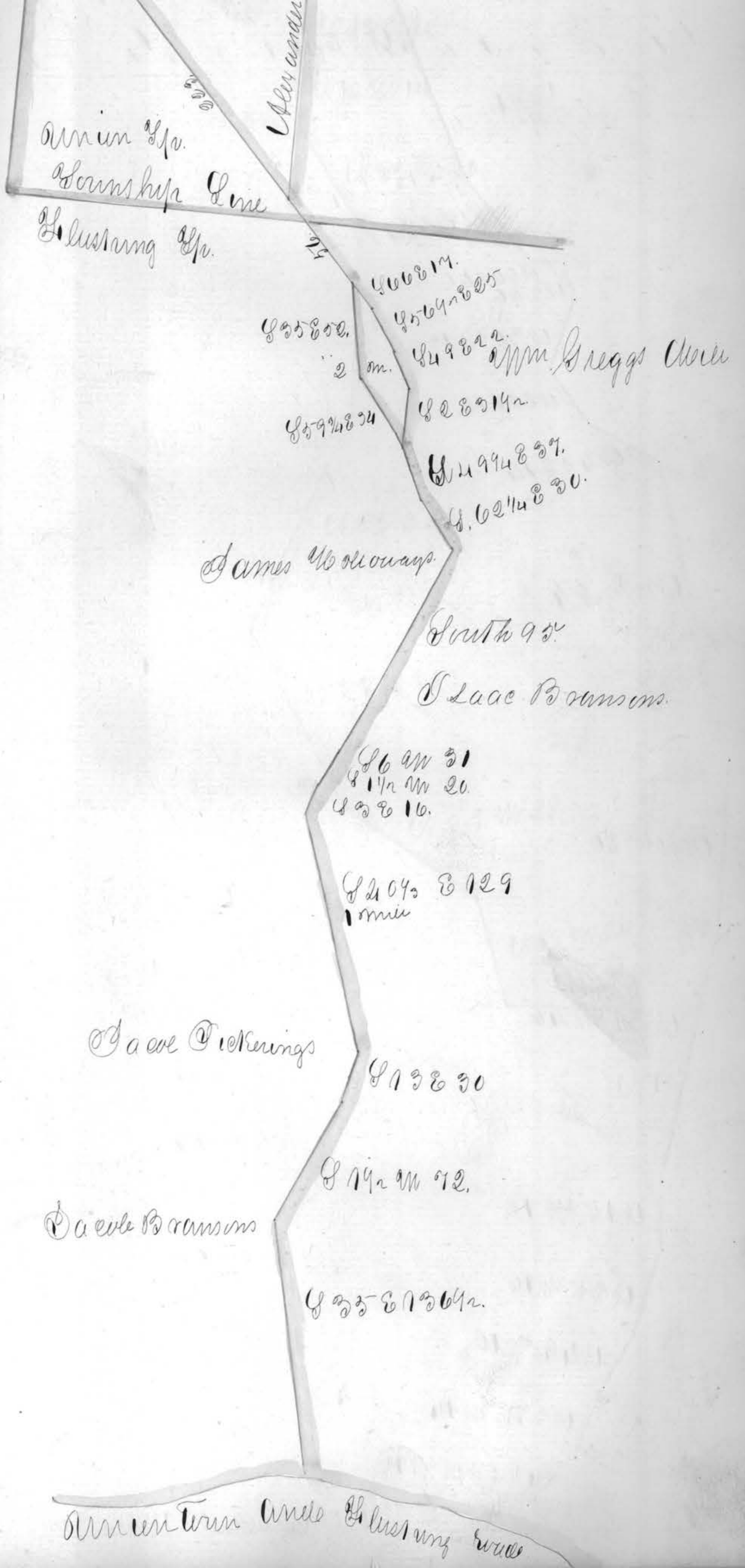

Union Tp.
Township Line
Flushing Tp.
S 66 E 17.
S 56 1/2 E 25
S 35 E 52.
2 m.
S 49 E 22.
Wm. Greggs
S 2 E 31 1/2.
S 59 1/4 E 34
S 49 1/4 E 37.
S. 62 1/4 E 30.
James Holloways
South 95
Isaac Bransons
S 6 W 31
S 1 1/2 W 20.
S 3 E 16.
S 20 1/3 E 129
1 mile
Jacob Pickerings
S 13 E 30
S 1 1/2 W 72.
Jacob Bransons
S 35 E 136 1/2.
Union Town and Flushing Road

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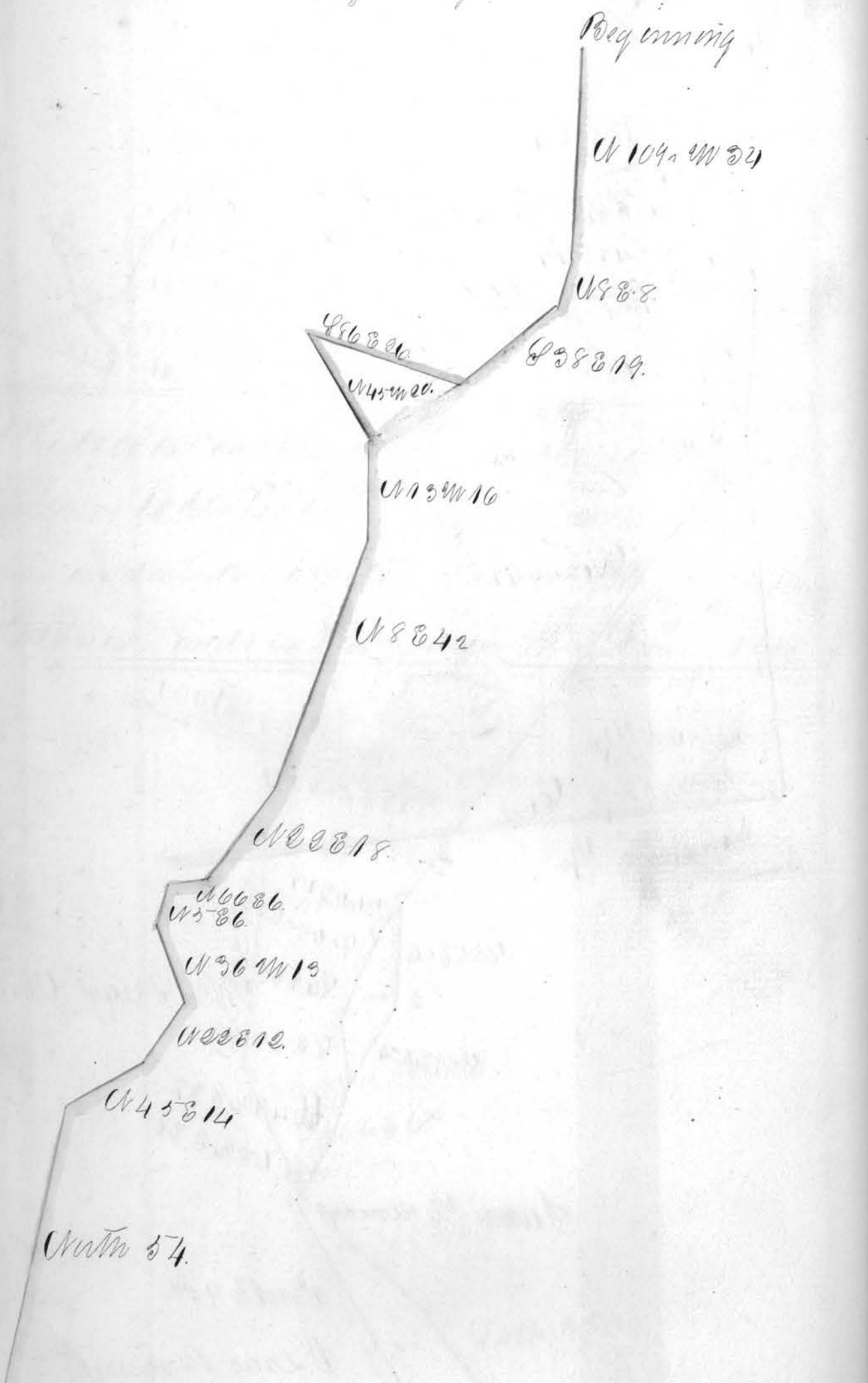
Plat of the road beginning at a Walnut on the N. bank of Little fork of McMahons Creek thence to the National road near the Deep cut as Surveyed by Wm. Shepherd 1828



N 22 E 18.

N 66 E 86.

N 5 E 86.

N 36 W 19

N 22 E 12.

N 45 E 14

North 54.

N 20 W 30.

N 29 W 46.

N 15 W 12.

N 35 W 10

N 49 W 10

N 39½ W 14

N 32½ W 12

Continued on page 305

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N 30 W 12.

N 56 W 10.

N 42 W 14.

North 86.

N 25 E 12.

N 138 E 12.

N 12 W 14

N 35 W 21

North 34.

N 23 E 12.

N 33 W 36

N 59 W 28.

N 18 W 20

West 12.

N 15 W 15.

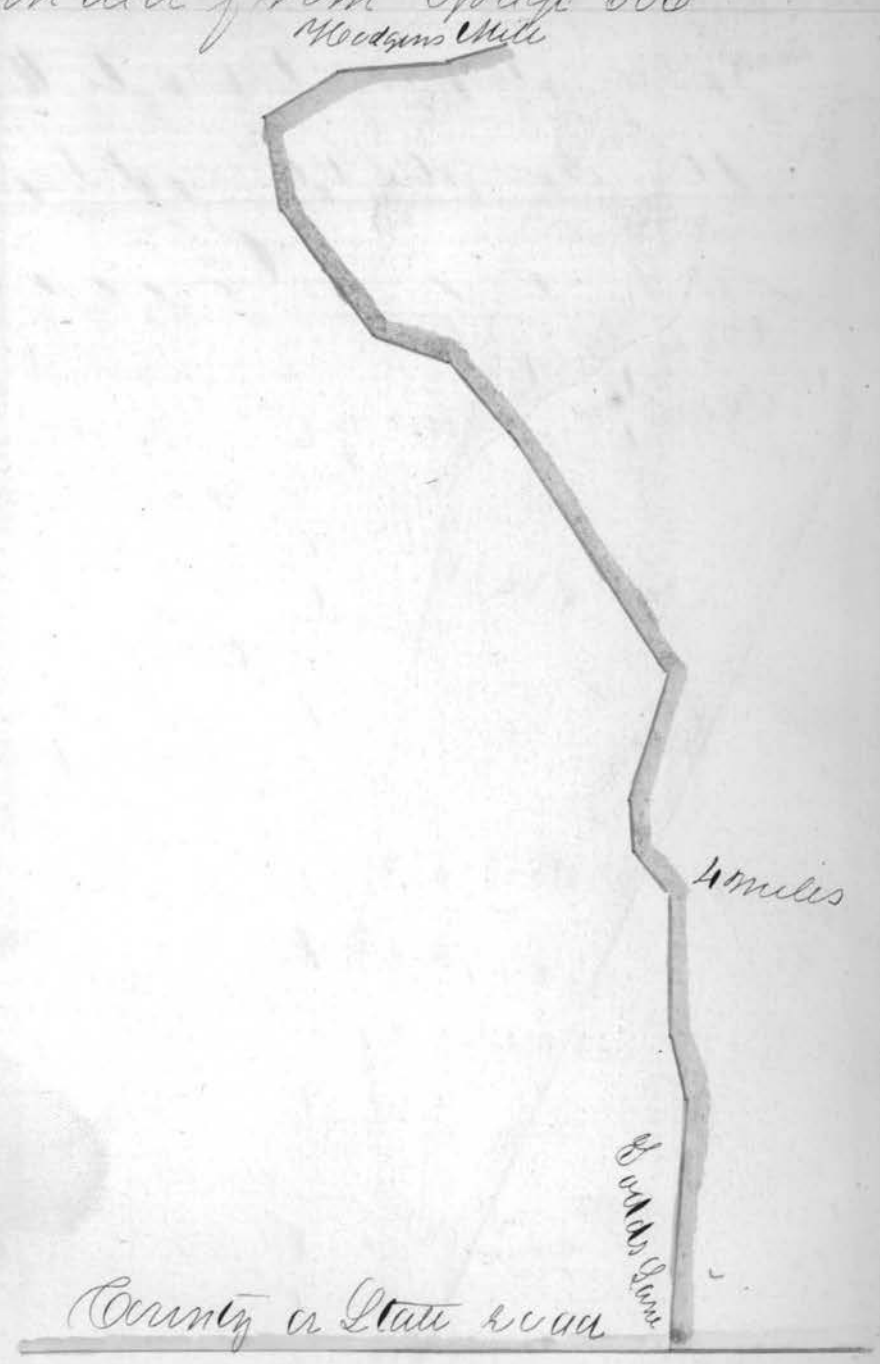
306 Plat of the road beginning at a red oak Stump on the line between Sec. 28 & 29. and from thence to Philip Rodmans as Surveyed by Zachar Cheyney A. D. 1828.

Course	Dist	Course	Dist	
N 85 E	10	N 62 E	18	
S 84 E	20	S 86 E	10	
N 87 E	8	N 52 E	12	
N 89 E	26	N 62 E	14	
S 63 E	26	N 73 E	24	
N 72 E	6	N 69 E	18	
N 1 W	6	N 67 E	18	
N 11 W	8	N 84 E	16	
N 45 E	12	N 73 E	12	
N 83 E	10	N 39 E	25	3 m
S 66 E	37	N 24 E	14	
East	4	N 5 W	14	
N 87 E	22.	N 30 E	16	
East	82	N 10 E	20	
N 55 E	13	N 42 E	22	
N 75 E	14	S 14 E	14	
N 47 E	12	S 7 E	26	
S 64 E	6	S 33 E	22.	
S 21 E	16	N 78 E	22.	
S 89 E	8.	N 52 E	36	
N 74 E	12.	N 19 E	20	
N 89 E	14	N 49 E	22	
East	178.	N 57 E	46	
S 74 E	10	N 52 E	21	
S 57 E	6.	S 76 E	5	4 m
S 51 E	12.	Same	27.	
S 55 E	22.	N 88 E	12.	
N 70 E	8	N 46 E	7	
East	2	N 46 E	6.	
Same	22.	N 88 E	34	
N 57° E	24	N 75 E	15	
N 37 E	16	S 86½ E	59.	½ m
N 3 E	26	4½ miles long.		
N 44 E	10			
N 75 E	12.			
N 79 E	17.			
N 51 E	10			
N 31 E	14			
N 37 E	8			

	N 70 E	8	N 46 E	7
2 miles	East	2	N 46 E	6.
	Same	22.	N 88 E	34
	N 57° E	24	N 75 E	15
	N 37 E	16	S 86½ E	59. ½ mile
	N 3 E	26	½ miles long.	
	N 44 E	10		
	N 75 E	12.		
	N 79 E	17.		
	N 51 E	10		
	N 31 E	14		
	N 37 E	8.		

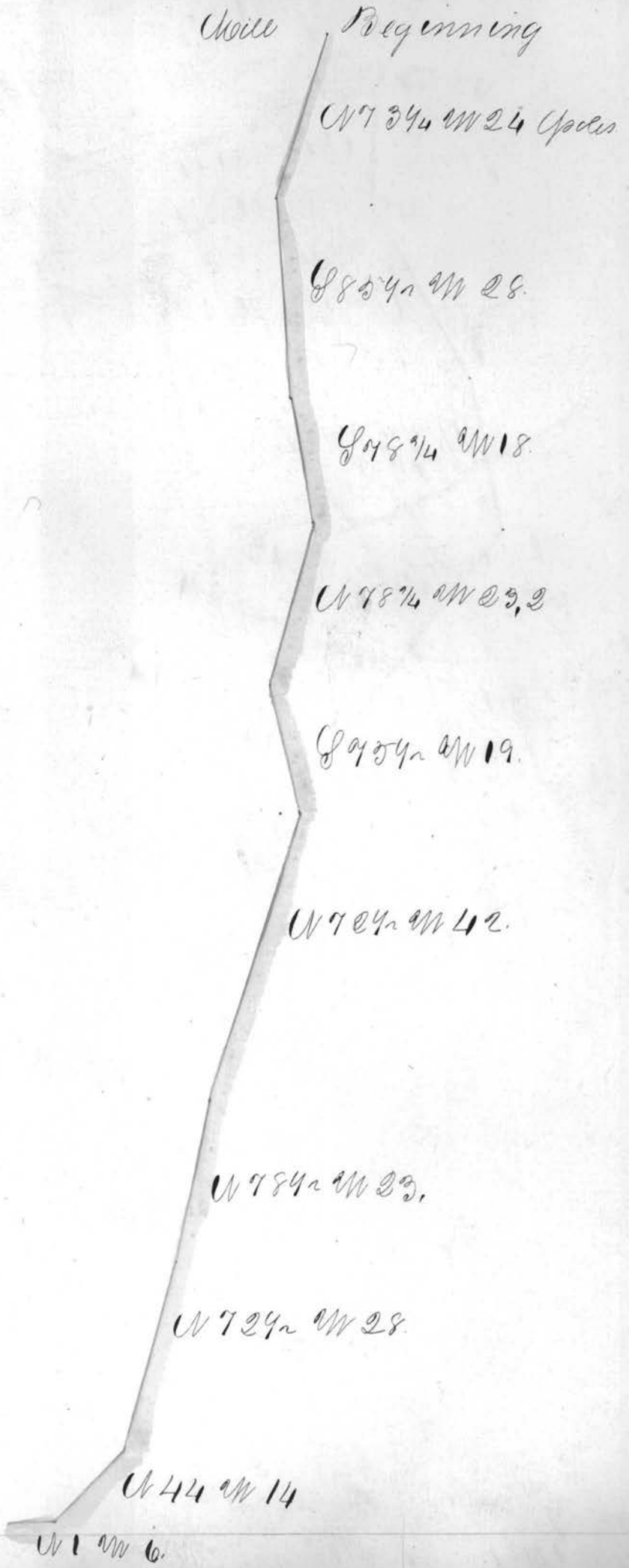
Continued on Up 307.

Continued from Page 306



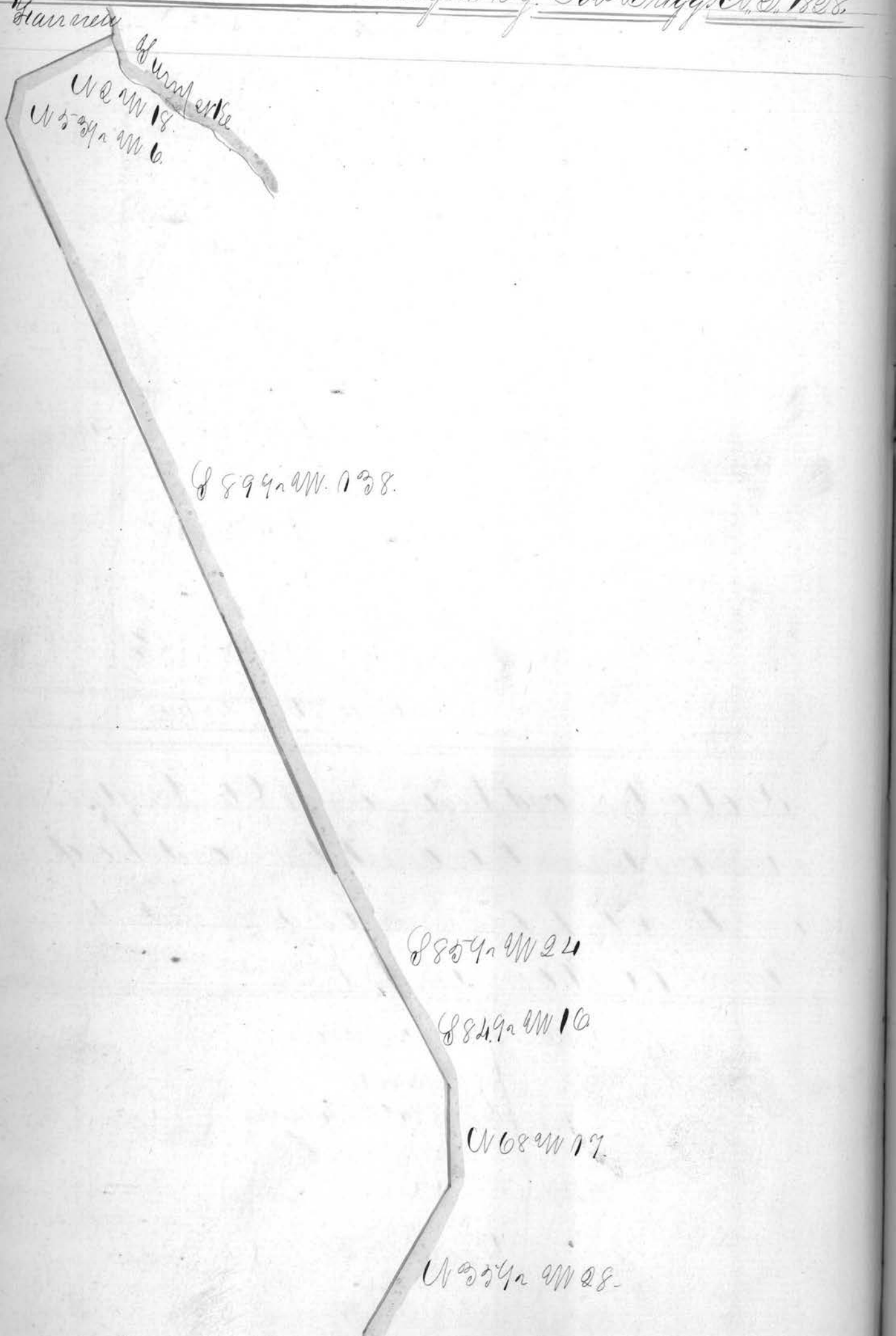
Plat of the road beginning at Steel Smiths running thence to intersect the road leading to Ft. Clarksville, as surveyed by James C. Moore A. D. 1828.

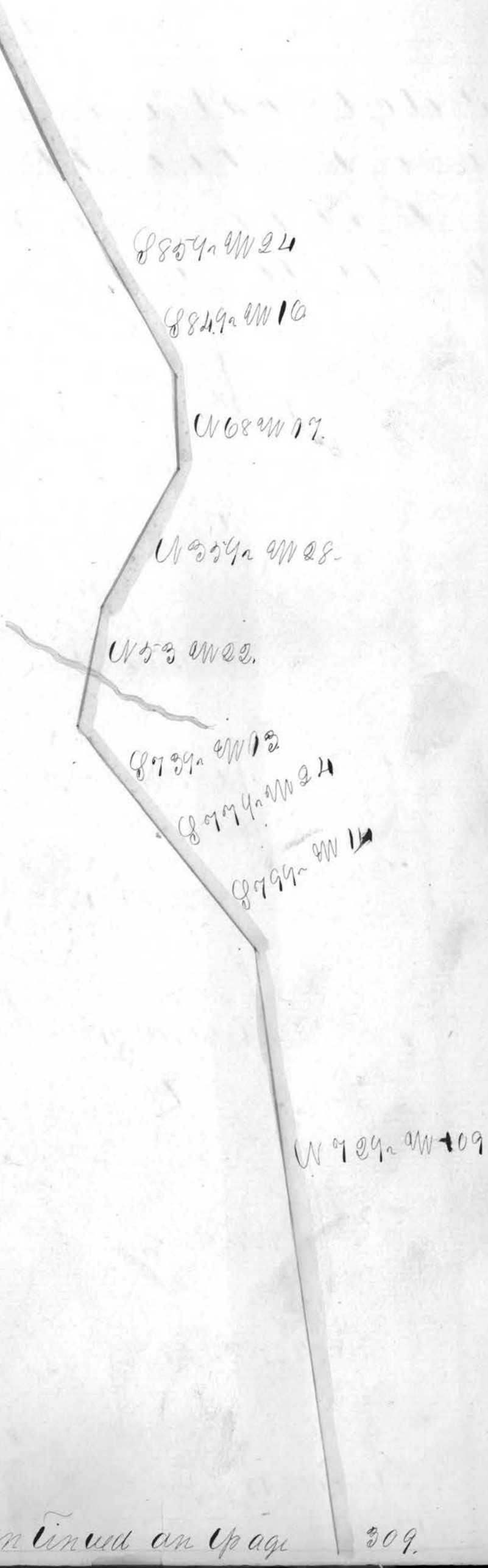
Plat of the road beginning at Steel Smiths running thence to intersect the road leading to Statesville, as surveyed by James C. Moore A. D. 1828.



508.

Plat of the road from Morgan Williams Mill, running thence to the east end of Harrises as Surveyed by Bob Briggs A.D. 1828.





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Continuum finem habet.

Ut ex duobus lineis rectis spatium non comprehendatur.

Si recta linea super duas rectas lineas steterit, duos angulos utrosque duobus rectis aequales inter se faciet.

Si ad aliquam rectam lineam et ad punctum in ea datum duae rectae lineae non ad easdem partes positae duos angulos deinceps duobus rectis aequales inter se fecerint, in directum erunt illae rectae lineae inter se.

Si duae rectae lineae se mutuo secent, angulos ad verticem inter se aequales faciunt.

Si latus unum trianguli productum fuerit, angulus externus duobus internis et oppositis aequalis est, et tres anguli trianguli duobus rectis aequales sunt.

Omnis trianguli duo anguli quolibet modo sumpti duobus rectis minores sunt.

Omne triangulum habet tres angulos duobus rectis aequales.

Omnis trianguli latus productum maius est utroque reliquorum duorum.

Omnis trianguli maius latus maiori angulo subtendit.

Omnis trianguli maior angulus maiori lateri subtendit.

Omnes trianguli duo latera quolibet modo sumpta tertio sunt maiora.

Ad datam rectam lineam datum angulum rectilineum describere.

Datae rectae lineae terminum alterum datum punctum ponere.

Duabus rectis lineis inaequalibus, a maiore minori rectae lineae aequalem abscindere.

Si duo triangula duo latera duobus lateribus habeant aequalia, alterum alteri, habeant autem et angulum angulo aequalem, qui aequalibus rectis lineis continetur, et basim basi aequalem habebunt.

Si duo triangula duo latera duobus lateribus habeant aequalia, alterum alteri, habeant autem et basim basi aequalem, angulum quoque angulo aequalem habebunt, qui aequalibus rectis lineis continetur.

Si duo triangula duos angulos duobus angulis habeant aequales, alterum alteri, habeant autem et latus unum lateri aequale, vel quod ad aequales angulos adiacet, vel quod aequali angulo subtenditur, et reliqua latera reliquis lateribus aequalia habebunt, et reliquum angulum reliquo angulo aequalem.